

State of Arizona
COMMISSION ON JUDICIAL CONDUCT

Disposition of Complaint 24-431

Judge:

Complainant:

ORDER

January 31, 2025

The Complainant alleged an appellate court judge failed to act in a manner that would promote confidence and integrity in the judiciary by participating in the 2020 election certification.

The role of the Commission on Judicial Conduct is to impartially determine whether a judicial officer has engaged in conduct that violates the Arizona Code of Judicial Conduct or Article 6.1 of the Arizona Constitution. There must be clear and convincing evidence of such a violation in order for the Commission to take disciplinary action against a judicial officer.

The Commission reviewed all relevant available information and concluded there was not clear and convincing evidence of ethical misconduct in this matter. The complaint is therefore dismissed pursuant to Commission Rules 16(a) and 23(a).

Commission member Christopher P. Staring did not participate in the consideration of this matter.

Copies of this order were distributed to all appropriate persons on January 31, 2025.

COMPLAINT AGAINST A JUDGE

Name:

Judge's Name:

Instructions: Describe what you believe the judge did that constitutes judicial misconduct. List all of the names, dates, times, and places that will help the commission understand your concerns. Keep a copy of the complaint for your records.

Count 1: Violation of Judicial Canon #1: No Judge may act to undermine the integrity or impartiality of the Judicial Branch in the eyes of the People they serve.

AZ Constitution Art 6: Judges shall have and exercise Judicial Power. They preside over cases in a Courtroom where the Judge or a Jury decide the results.

AZ Constitution Art 3: Separation of Powers. Each Branch shall exercise powers granted to them, nothing else. No Branch may exercise powers assigned to others.

Election Certification – – – – –

This is **not a courtroom**. It is a highly “political event”. Justice _____ is on the left. Gov _____ got a phone call from then President _____, perhaps to plead his case. Gov _____ hung up on the President, so we know there is no Due Process in this “Political Event” over which the _____ is presiding.

Judges who take direction from the _____ are likely to decide the results of the next election. The presumed impartial Judicial Branch is clearly infected with the disease of partisan politics. Justice _____ must be removed to **restore the integrity** of the Judicial Branch. Any remedy short of this gives a green light to the continued corruption of the Judiciary with partisan politics.

COMPLAINT AGAINST A JUDGE

Name:

Judge's Name:

Instructions: Describe what you believe the judge did that constitutes judicial misconduct. List all of the names, dates, times, and places that will help the commission understand your concerns. Keep a copy of the complaint for your records.

Count 2: Violation of Judicial Canon #1: No Judge may act to undermine the integrity or impartiality of the Judicial Branch in the eyes of the People they serve.

AZ Constitution Art 6: Judges shall have and exercise Judicial Power. They preside over cases in a Courtroom where the Judge or a Jury decide the results. They apply the Law.

AZ Constitution Art 3: Separation of Powers. Each Branch shall exercise powers granted to them, nothing else. No Branch may exercise powers assigned to others.

AZ Constitution Art 4, §1: The Power to petition their elected Legislators to make Laws is "**Reserved to the People**".



Reserved Parking for Judicial Branch Violators of Separation of Powers

ARS 41-1231 §18 "Public body" means ...~~the judicial department~~... Bills such as SB1586 to restore Separation of Powers and Liberty are undermined by these Court Lobbyists, in secret. Has the hijacked the Legislature with Malice and Forethought?

No Law “REQUIRES” the Judicial branch to violate the Constitution. Some defective State Laws might allow the Judicial Branch to violate the Constitution, but it is not mandatory. As Chief Administrative Officer of the Judicial Branch, the _____ may terminate all activities that are prohibited by the Constitution by means of an **Administrative Order which can be drafted and signed in a single day.** (See attached)

Since the Arizona _____ controls the curriculum of Law schools, the questions on the Bar Exam, etc; it is not reasonable to presume that the _____ is so **incompetent** as to be unaware of the limits of power for the Judicial Department, set forth in the Constitution. Since efforts to reform this corruption have been actively subverted at the direction of the _____ it is more likely that the _____ has acted with **malice and forethought** to cancel the Liberties that justly belong to the People in conformance with the Constitution.

Wherefore: Regardless of Incompetence, or Malicious Violation of Law, and the Oath, the _____ must be removed. An **Administrative Order must be issued** to immediately restore Separation of Powers as required by Law.

Rooker-Feldman Notice: Based upon our experience with the unlawful and corrupt practices of the AZ Judicial Department, it is not reasonable to presume that they will reform themselves. **This CJC complaint will almost certainly be ignored.** Thus, please be advised that “Every Person” who has had their Rights violated by Unconstitutional Laws which the People are not able to correct due to the **unlawful and undue influence of “Court Lobbyists”** has now as of this writing established standing in US District Court against the State of Arizona, with the _____ named and acting in that official capacity. Civil remedies may be sought IAW 42-USC§1983, 18-USC Chapter 96 RICO, et al. Potential **civil liability for the State of Arizona is unlimited.** If the Judicial Branch and the State of Arizona wish to continue these unlawful and corrupt practices, then **any individual who has been harmed may assign a dollar figure to the harm, and the State can pay the money, as set forth in a Jury verdict.**

Presumption of Confidentiality: There is none. The _____ clearly and **publicly** presided over a political and extra-judicial proceeding where Due Process did not exist. The _____ has **posted signs** on the _____ Court building, notices on their website, etc; of how the Judicial Department exerts unlawful and undue influence over the State Legislature. A recent CJC complaint against another _____ Justice was widely published.

Distribution: Per ARS§12-1841(A), _____ Governor, Speaker of the AZ House, President of the Senate, State Attorney General.

Proposed Administrative Order to Immediately Cure ARS§41-1231(18)

Administrative Order # xxxx

Date: xx,

The Judicial Department of the State of Arizona will no longer Lobby the Arizona State Legislature without restrictions, regardless of any permissions afforded by State Law.

From this date forward, AZ Judicial Department shall follow the same Rules and Procedures observed by SCOTUS - the Supreme Court of the United States, and the Federal Judiciary, for Lobbying the United States Congress.

Signed, _____
 of the State of Arizona